






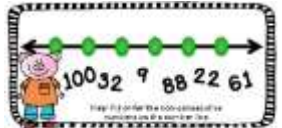





P4 Numeracy overview for Number


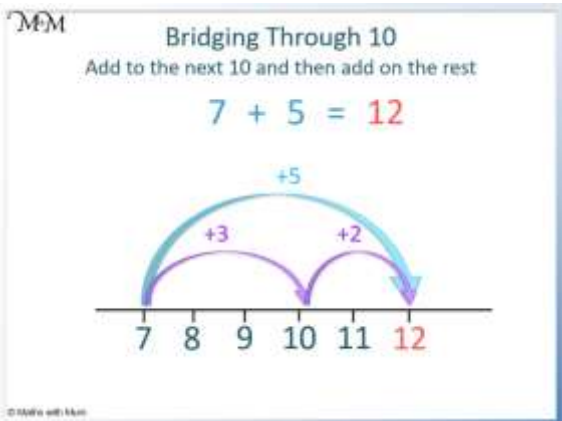
<div>Learning area</div> <div>Place Value</div> <div></div>	<div>Example a pupil may be given/</div> <div>How can you help at home?</div>										
<div>Count forwards and backwards in 1s, 2s, 5s and 10s within 500.</div>	<div>Complete the following sequences:</div> <div>a) 5 10 15 ____ 25 ____</div> <div>b) 35 30 ____ 20 ____ 10</div> <div>c) ____ 25 30 35 ____ 45</div>										
<div>Round numbers within 100 to the nearest 10.</div>	<div>Round these numbers to the nearest 10</div> <div>1) 62 → ____ 2) 44 → ____ 3) 35</div> <div>4) 84 → ____ 5) 72 → ____ 6) 91</div>										
<div>Read and write numbers within 500.</div>	<table><tr><th>Numerals</th><th>Number in Words</th><th>Tens</th><th>Ones</th><th>Illustration</th></tr><tr><td>23</td><td>twenty-three</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td></td></tr></table>	Numerals	Number in Words	Tens	Ones	Illustration	23	twenty-three	2	3	
Numerals	Number in Words	Tens	Ones	Illustration							
23	twenty-three	2	3								

Know number “before”, “after” and “between” within 500.	
Find missing numbers in a sequence (increasing and decreasing) within 500.	<p>1. </p> <p>Common difference: ____</p> <p>2. </p> <p>Common difference: ____</p>
Order a set of consecutive/non-consecutive numbers (increasing and decreasing) within 500	
Demonstrate value of any number within 500 in terms of hundreds, tens and ones (units)	

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P4 – Within the area of ‘Number’ by the end of P4, a child of average ability should be able to,

Learning Area: Mental Maths	
Mentally add/subtract 9, 10, multiples of 10 & 11 to any number, answers within 100, using and explaining number patterns	<p>Add 10 e.g. $32 + 10 = 42$</p>  <p>Add 9 e.g. $32 + 9 = 41$</p> 
	<p>Add 11 e.g. $32 + 11 = 43$</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Adding 11 Remember the quick way to do it is... To add <u>10</u> we just go down one row! E.g. $3 + 10 = 13$ To add <u>9</u> we add 10 and go back one To add <u>11</u> we go down one and forward one</p> </div>
Mentally add/subtract 1, 2 or 0 to a number, answers within 100.	

	
Mentally add two single digit numbers, bridging 10.	

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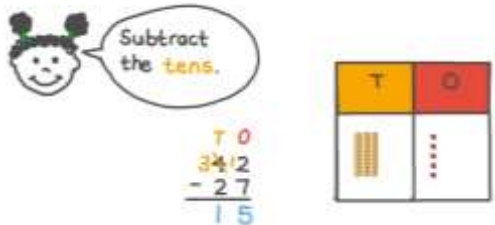
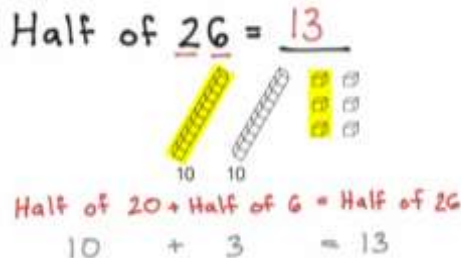
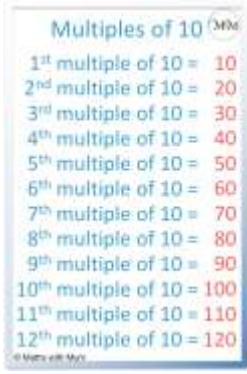


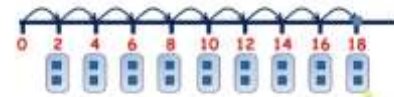
P4 – Within the area of ‘Number’ by the end of P4, a child of average ability should be able to,

Mentally find what must be added to any 2 digit number to make the next multiple of 10.	<div><div><div>28 + 72 = 100</div><div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>28</div><div>30</div><div>100</div></div><div><div>+2</div><div>+70</div></div></div></div></div>
Learning Area: Money	
Compare different ways of spending a fixed budget up to £1.00. Find different ways of paying exact amounts within £1.00, e.g. using the least number of coins, or using a specific number of coins.	<div>How many different ways could you spend £1 or less?</div> <div><div>Shopping for Toys</div><div><div><div><div><div></div><div>80p</div></div><div><div></div><div>40p</div></div></div><div><div></div><div>50p</div></div><div><div><div></div><div>20p</div></div><div><div></div><div>40p</div></div></div><div><div></div><div>10p</div></div><div><div></div><div>40p</div></div></div></div></div>
Calculate in the context of money, using addition, subtraction and multiplication with amounts up to £1.00	<div>Write the addition/subtraction sum to solve the following word problems.</div> <div><div>1. Janet buys a pen for 14p and a rubber for 12p. How much does she spend?</div><div><div>Ans:</div><div>TU</div><div>14p</div><div>+12p</div></div></div>

Learning Area: Addition, subtraction, multiplication & division	
Know with quick recall multiplication facts for 2, 5 and 10	<div><div>2, 5 and 10 Times Tables</div><div><div>5 x 2 =</div><div>6 x 5 =</div><div>3 x 10 =</div><div>10 x 2 =</div><div>7 x 5 =</div><div>2 x 10 =</div></div><div>https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-the-button</div></div>
Appreciate that multiplication and division are inverse operations.	<div><div><div>Two Sides of the Same Coin</div><div>Division is the inverse of multiplication</div><div>LO: I can use inverses to multiply and divide. I can work out divisions by using my knowledge of multiplication number facts.</div><div><div>If you know that 6 x 3 = 18 then, you know that 18 ÷ 6 = 3</div><div>and that 18 ÷ 3 = 6</div></div></div><div>https://ccea.org.uk/learning-resources/help-your-child-maths/improve-your-childs-maths-skills/help-your-child-connect</div></div>
Develop a standard written method for vertical addition HTU (without and with carrying).	<div><div>Column method</div><div><div>567</div><div>199</div><div>766</div></div></div>

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Develop a standard written method for vertical subtraction TU with exchange (decomposition),	https://ccea.org.uk/learning-resources/help-your-child-maths/help-your-child-subtraction/helping-your-child-tens-and-0 	Know half of all even numbers to 30	 Half of 20 + Half of 6 = Half of 26 10 + 3 = 13
Learning Area: Fractions			
Know doubles of multiples of 10 up to double 50.	 Double 30= Double 20= Double 40=	Understand concept of fractions (halves and quarters) through practical activities.	
		Extend understanding to include wider range of fractions, using both whole shapes and sets of objects.	
Understand links between fractions of a set and division. (e.g. finding how many objects make “half” of a total set is equivalent to dividing the total number by 2).	<p>What is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 18?</p>  18 ÷ 2 =		