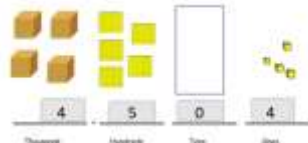

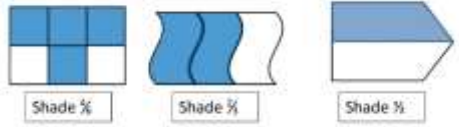
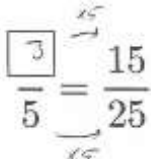


Rasharkin Primary School
know, understand and use*:

P6 – Within the area of ‘Number’ by the end of P6, a child of average ability should be able to,

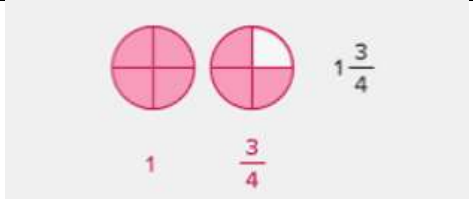
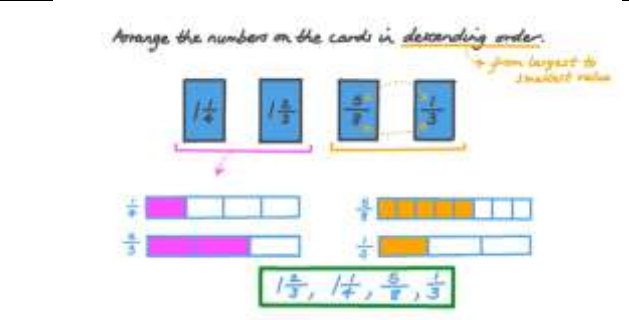
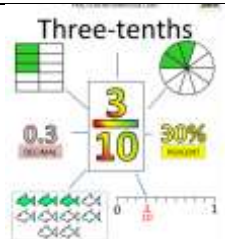
Using Numbers (Place Value)	<i>Example pupil may be given</i> Digit – used to refer to the individual numbers, e.g. the digits 2,3,and 4 make up the number two hundred and thirty four (234)												
Recognise, read and write numbers within 99,999*	<i>Read a number from digits to words, e.g. 25,647 – twenty five thousand, six hundred and forty seven</i>												
Count forward and backwards in 1s,2s,5s and 10s within 99,999	<i>Count orally in 2s, starting 90,994..... 90,996, 90,998, 91,000</i>												
Recognise that the position of a digit indicates its value	<i>In 23,548 the ‘3’ is worth 3000</i>												
Order a set of (increasing and decreasing) numbers within 99 999	<i>Write these numbers in order, starting with the smallest 23,254, 23,205 and 23,024</i>												
Understand the use of 0 as a place holder.	 <i>4,504, not 454</i>												
Round numbers within 99 999 to the nearest 10 000, 1000, 100 and 10.	<i>Round 672 to the nearest 10 = 670</i> <i>Round 6524 to the nearest 100 = 6500</i> <i>Round 26,742 to the nearest 1000 = 27,000</i>												
Approximate and round numbers to nearest whole	<i>887 x 48 is approx. 900 x 50</i> <i>5.48 x 3.7 is approx. 5 x 4</i>												
Be introduced to the concept of negative numbers in the context of temperature	<i>Put these temperatures in order, coldest first (all °C): 13, -4, -10, 4, 1</i>												
Understand concept of percentage as “out of 100”	<table><tr><th>Name</th><th>Score</th><th>Percentage</th></tr><tr><td>Mo</td><td>56 out of 100</td><td>56%</td></tr><tr><td>Annie</td><td></td><td>65%</td></tr><tr><td>Tommy</td><td>50 out of 100</td><td></td></tr></table>	Name	Score	Percentage	Mo	56 out of 100	56%	Annie		65%	Tommy	50 out of 100	
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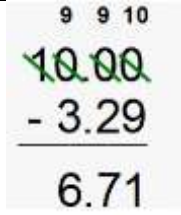
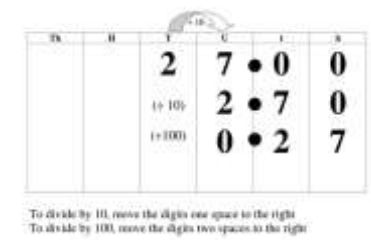
Understand and use simple percentages. In everyday situations	<i>Dan and Adam each have 100 sweets. Dan eats 65% of his. Adam has 35 sweets left. Who has more sweets left?</i>
Link knowledge of fractions and decimals to percentage	 <p>A Half can be written...</p> <p>... as a fraction: $\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>... as a decimal: 0.5</p> <p>... as a percentage: 50%</p>
Recognise and work with simple percentages.	<i>Find 20% of 40</i> $20\% = \frac{1}{5}$ $40 \div 5 = 8$, so 20% of 40 = 8

Fractions	<i>Example pupil may be given</i>
Understand fractions of shapes and numbers.	 <p>Shade $\frac{3}{4}$ Shade $\frac{1}{2}$ Shade $\frac{1}{2}$</p> <p>Work out $\frac{2}{3}$ of 15</p> <p>$15 \div 3 = 5$ $5 \times 2 = 10$</p>
Know equivalence of simple fractions	 <p>$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{15}{25}$</p>

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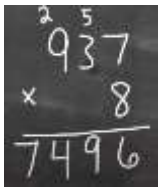
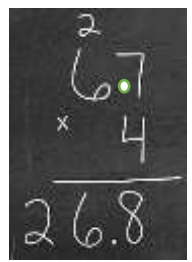
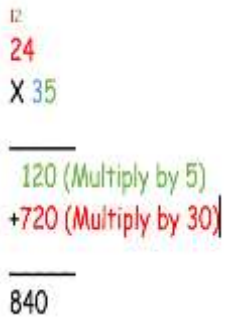
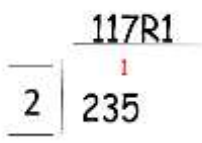
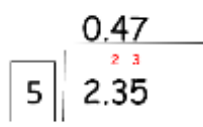

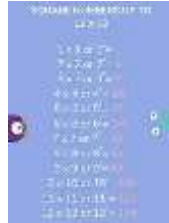

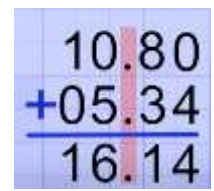

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Understand mixed numbers as whole numbers plus a fraction.	
Order sets of mixed numbers increasing and decreasing	
Decimals	
Relate 1 decimal place numbers to tenths.	
Recognise, read and write 1, then 2 decimal place numbers.	23.6 = twenty three and six tenths 23.5, 23.6, -----, 23.8 30.8, 30.9 -----, 31.1
Understand and use decimal recording of amounts of money beyond £1.00	£23.45 = twenty three pounds and forty five pence
Calculate change paying with amounts up beyond £1.00	How much change would I get from £10, if I spent £3.29?

	
Multiplication and Division	
Mentally multiply or divide any number with up to 2 decimal places by 10 or 100.	
Know all single digit multiplication facts and corresponding division facts	X2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12 times tables <i>Hit the button tables :</i> https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-the-button
Find doubles of any number up to 100 and corresponding halves	Double 54= double 50 = 100, double 4 = 8 100 + 8 = 108 Half of 98 = Half of 90 = 45, Half of 8 = 4 45 + 4 = 49 <i>Hit the button Doubles:</i> https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-the-button
Mental strategies for multiplying and dividing	Partitioning 16 x 7 = 10 x 7 = 70, 6 x 7 = 42, 16 x 7 = 112 Doubling and halving 5 x 14 = 10 x 7 = 70 Multiple of 10 and adjust 7 x 25 = 7 x 100 divided by 4 = 175 6 x 19 = 6 x 20 = 120 - 6 = 114 6 x 21 = 6 x 20 = 120 + 6 = 126 <i>Please note: Different mental strategies will be introduced to the children but they will decide which one</i>

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	<i>they prefer to use. Some children also have different strategies than ones taught and that is acceptable.</i>				
Written multiplication and division					
Multiply 2 or 3 digit whole numbers by a single digit and a 2 digit number (long multiplication. Multiply decimals up to 2 decimal places by a single digit Estimate first before calculating	<p>Estimate: e.g. $900 \times 8 = 7200$</p>   				
Divide 3 digit whole numbers by a single digit Divide decimals up to 2 decimal places by a single digit	 				
Solve a range of multiplication and division problems using both written and mental methods.	<p>A rugby team brought 14 coaches of supporters to a cup match. Each coach help 31 supporters. How many supporters were brought to the match?</p>				
Understand factors and multiples	<p>Factors of 12 are 1,2,3,4,6 Multiples of 3 – 6,9,12,15 etc</p> <p>Write three factors of 40 which are also factors of 30 https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/multiples-and-factors</p>				
Introduce prime, square and cube numbers	<p>Write down all the square numbers between 40 and 100 https://www.transum.org/Maths/Game/Primes/Pick.asp</p>				
			<p>Prime numbers</p> 	<p>square numbers</p> 	<p>cube</p> <p> $1^3 = 1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1$ $2^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$ $3^3 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27$ $4^3 = 4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64$ $5^3 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$ $6^3 = 6 \times 6 \times 6 = 216$ $7^3 = 7 \times 7 \times 7 = 343$ $8^3 = 8 \times 8 \times 8 = 512$ $9^3 = 9 \times 9 \times 9 = 729$ $10^3 = 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 1000$ </p>
Addition and subtraction					
Mentally add and subtract two 2 digit numbers within 100 progressing to 3 digit multiples of 10 using partitioning.	<p> $20 + 15 = 35$ $260 - 120 = 140$ $18 - 13 = 5$ $300 - 140 =$ $300 - 100 = 200 - 40 = 160$ $341 + 170 =$ $300 + 100 = 400$ $40 + 70 = 110$ $300 + 110 = 510$ </p>				
Add and subtract 4 digit numbers (with exchanging) Add and subtract decimal numbers up to 2 decimal places Estimate answers before calculating	<p>Estimate, e.g. $= 3000 + 1000 = 2000$</p>    <p>https://ccea.org.uk/learning-resources/help-your-child-maths/help-your-child-subtraction/helping-your-child-hundreds-0#</p>				

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Solve a range of addition and subtraction problems using both mental and written methods	<p>Holly is saving money.</p> <p>In January she saves £17.82 In February she saves £26.33 In March she saves £9.87</p> <p>Work out how much money Holly has saved in total</p>										
Calculate money using all 4 operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication and division)	<p>Sophie saved 50p every day in September</p> <p>How much money did she save in total?</p> <p>Shown is a menu from a cafe</p> <p>Give your child the opportunity to use money and get change when out shopping. Look at special offers and work out cheapest option.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Menu</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Tea</td> <td>£1.35</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Coffee</td> <td>£1.80</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Scone</td> <td>£1.30</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Biscuit</td> <td>70p</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Harry buys a tea, a scone and a biscuit.</p> <p>Work out the total cost.</p>	Menu		Tea	£1.35	Coffee	£1.80	Scone	£1.30	Biscuit	70p
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